# Sex that Gives and Takes Sexuality in older age in rural Malawi

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Why this study is important

Investigation of ideas & practices concerning sex among older adults is part of a larger study on **ageing** & HIV infection in rural Malawi



- Subsistence farming
- Familial safety net for dependants
- High rate of marriage & divorce



- Findings challenge demography's preoccupation with fertility & chronological age in the collection of sexual **health data** in Africa by showing that sexual desire & activity do not decline in a linear pattern
- The study highlights some sexual behaviours & understandings that challenge the relevance of dominant HIV & STI prevention messages in Malawi
- Study identifies a set of complex competing discourses that highlight the importance of qualitative **approaches** to the collection of data on sexual behaviour
- HIV prevalence among women & men aged 50-64 is 3.9% & 5.8%



- Inductive & highly iterative approach using a grounded theory framework
- Conducted under auspices of Malawi Longitudinal Study of Families & Health
- Dependent multiple in-depth interviews with 45 men & women aged 50 to ~90 (n=135)



age



- Central discourse of bodily decline over the life course
- Underpins understanding of a trajectory of ageing & declining sexuality
- Older men & women positioned themselves on the trajectory at different points concurrently
- Reflects the complexity & contradictions involved in negotiating older age

### **Sex takes strength from old bodies**

- Good' sex involves procreation. Potency of semen & fecundity of a woman important markers for the "sweetness" of sex
- With declining fecundity sex is less "sweet" & desire declines
- Good, productive sex understood to be physically demanding & to take strength from men & women in old

# **Sex takes respect from the elder**

Understanding of an enlightened older age focused on the ascendance of the mind over the failed aged body The enlightened elder should display sexual restraint to be respected

# **Sex gives strength to old bodies**

- Semen understood to give vitamins & energy to a woman
- Strength & health-giving properties of semen compensate for that lost due to ageing

**Sex gives validation of the capable adult identity** Unproductive & sexually-unable bodies were associated with feared 'child-like' identity Older men & women discursively managed their preferred identities as 'adults' by emphasising their continued ability to contribute to their relationships or potential relationships through sex

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